

Report To: Board of Trustees, Holland Charter Township

From: Warren Smith

Finance Director

Date: July 2, 2025

Subject: Annual Financial Reports for the Year Ended December 31, 2024

The annual audit of the Township's financial statements has been completed and a copy of the financial report is attached for your information. The independent auditor's report (see pages 1-3) indicates the financial statements are fairly and accurately presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This is the third year of engagement with Vredeveld Haefner, and their staff conducted a timely and efficient audit and provided excellent technical assistance with continuing GASB reporting requirements.

Financial highlights for 2024 are listed on page 5 and a financial analysis for 2024 is presented on pages 7-11. In brief, some of the significant financial highlights include:

- Assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the year by \$257,633,970.
- The Township's total net position increased by \$22,120,697.
- Investment in capital assets increased by \$16,578,828.
- The governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$45,524,290 with a decrease of \$1,046,271 over the prior year.
- The General Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$30,958,986 with a decrease of \$3,767,239. Decreasing the fund balance was planned and budgeted for the Community Center. We budgeted a decrease of \$5,124,888, but finished the year better than budgeted.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) sets forth the accounting and reporting requirements for governmental units and the Township's annual financial report includes the required content and format. The GASB financial reporting model requires the following components:

1. <u>Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 5-10)</u>. This component is a narrative discussion of the Township's financial performance for the year, including comparison to the prior year, discussion of the status of and changes in the Township's financial position, explanation of capital asset and debt activity, and other analysis.

- 2. <u>Government-Wide Financial Statements (pages 11-17)</u>. These are two full accrual statements, which include all capital assets, including infrastructure for general government activities. These two statements are the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances.
- 3. <u>Fund Financial Statements (pages 18-22)</u>. These are statements reporting on the governmental funds, the proprietary funds and the fiduciary funds. The governmental funds statements tell how the Township's services were financed in the short-term, and what remains for future spending. The activities of the Enterprise Funds resulted in an increase in Net Position of \$13,177,834, of which \$9,341,355 came from capital contributions. The details can be found on page 19.
- 4. <u>Notes to the Financial Statements (pages 23-37)</u>. The government-wide and fund financial statements require various note disclosures to supplement the basic financial statements.
- 5. <u>Required Supplementary Information (pages 39-40)</u>. Additional required information includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and any other major governmental funds.
- 6. <u>Supplemental Data (pages 42-45)</u>. Required supplemental data includes combining balance sheet and income reporting for the Township's nonmajor governmental funds, i.e., special revenue and capital projects funds.
- 7. <u>Additional Information (pages 48-59)</u>. This section provides a variety of data and multi-year trends for informational purposes.
- <u>8. Single Audit (pages 61-71).</u> This section provides information regarding the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and ARPA revenues and expenditures to date.

The 2024 financial report confirms the Township's overall solid financial position. You are encouraged to read the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5-10 for an overview and analysis of the Township's financial activities for 2024.

The accumulation and maintenance of fund balances and reserves have been and continue to be beneficial to the Township for several reasons:

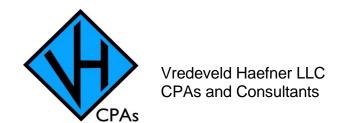
- 1. Provide a buffer against unforeseen revenue reductions, such as state shared revenues, tax revenues and interest earnings.
- 2. Stabilization of millage rates, utility rates and the overall delivery of Township services.
- 3. Provide financing resources for land acquisition and capital construction and replacement of buildings, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure.
- 4. Minimize capital borrowings and use of financial resources for interest expenditures.
- 5. Provide working capital for ongoing operations and services.
- 6. Provide financing sources for local match of grants to the Township for various recreational and infrastructure improvements.

Please feel free to contact me via e-mail at warrens@hct.holland.mi.us with any questions that you may have regarding any of these reports.



OTTAWA COUNTY, MICHIGAN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024



Holland Charter Township

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Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

June 2, 2025

Members of the Board of Trustees Holland Charter Township Holland, Michigan

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Holland Charter Township, Ottawa County, Michigan (the Township), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged in governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 10 and the information on page 39 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 2, 2025, on our consideration of the Township's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Uredeveld Haefner LLC

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Holland Charter Township, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Holland Charter Township, we offer readers of the Township's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Township for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the Township's financial statements that follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Holland Charter Township exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$257,633,970 (net position). Of this amount, \$115,443,313 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Township's total net position increased by \$22,120,697. Investment in capital assets increased by \$16,578,828, while restricted net position increased by \$155,420, and unrestricted net position increased by \$5,386,449.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$45,524,290, a decrease of \$1,046,271 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 63% of this total amount, \$28,806,567, is available for spending at the Township's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$28,806,567 or 109% of total budgeted general fund expenditures and transfers out for 2024.
- The Township's total debt decreased by \$957,500 (5.2%) during the current fiscal year. This is the result of the Township making its required scheduled debt service payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Holland Charter Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail support to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Township's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and state shared revenues and earned but unused sick leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Holland Charter Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities of the Township consist of water and wastewater disposal systems.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Holland Charter Township, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements. These statements present a short-term view and tell how taxpayer resources were spent during the year. All of the funds of the Township can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Holland Charter Township maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and Building and Site Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other fourteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Township adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with that budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Holland Charter Township maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Township uses enterprise funds to account for its water and wastewater disposal systems.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but provide more detail and information, such as cash flows. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the three components of the water and wastewater disposal systems: Water Operating, Wastewater Operating, and Water and Wastewater Construction and Debt Service, all of which are considered to be major funds of Holland Charter Township.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18-20 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government, in which the Township acts solely as trustee or agent. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Holland Charter Township's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-37 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* presenting budgetary comparison for the Township's General Fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 39 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining fund statements can be found on pages 42-45 of this report.

Immediately following the combining fund statements is an additional information section, which provides certain information pertaining to government revenues, expenditures, tax revenues and collections, demographic, and other statistical data.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Holland Charter Township, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$257.6 million at the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024.

The largest portion of the Township's net position (54%) reflects its investment in capital assets. The Township uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of the Township totaled \$3.1 million and is reported in the governmental activities. This net position has limits on its use that are externally imposed by restrictions such as enabling legislation or bond covenants. These resources can only be used for the specific purposes for which they were intended, such as expenditures for E-unit and police services, bike paths, and construction code activities. The remaining unrestricted net position (\$115.4 million) may be used to meet the Township's ongoing operations.

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net position of Holland Charter Township as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

TABLE 1 - Holland Charter Township's Net Position

	Govern	nmei	ntal	Business-Type								
	Acti	vitie	S		Acti	vitie	es		To	tal		
	 2024		2023		2024		2023		2024		2023	
Current and other assets	\$ 57,025,455	\$	59,838,760	\$	80,130,856	\$	77,249,941	\$	137,156,311	\$	137,088,701	
Capital assets	42,588,673		32,548,707		114,034,774		108,453,412		156,623,447	_	141,002,119	
Total assets	 99,614,128		92,387,467		194,165,630		185,703,353		293,779,758		278,090,820	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	327,160		276,328		16,712,779		17,684,414		17,039,939		17,960,742	
Other liabilities	 2,429,700	_	4,987,113		6,667,108	_	11,049,334		9,096,808	_	16,036,447	
Total liabilities	 2,756,860	_	5,263,441		23,379,887		28,733,748	-	26,136,747		33,997,189	
Deferred inflows of resources	 9,071,465	_	8,281,086	_	937,576	_	299,272	_	10,009,041		8,580,358	
Net position:												
Net investment in capital assets	42,588,673		32,548,707		96,504,931		89,966,069		139,093,604		122,514,776	
Restricted	3,097,053		2,941,633		-		-		3,097,053		2,941,633	
Unrestricted	42,100,077		43,352,600		73,343,236		66,704,264	_	115,443,313		110,056,864	
Total net position	\$ 87,785,803	\$	78,842,940	\$	169,848,167	\$	156,670,333	\$	257,633,970	\$	235,513,273	

As shown in Table 2 (changes in net position), the Township's total revenues were approximately \$54.0 million for the current year, of which 15.4% was obtained from property taxes. Fees charged for services accounted for another 35.5% of the total, state shared revenues 10.1% and capital grants and contributions (mostly in the form of water and wastewater hook-ups and developer contributions of systems) another 27.2%. The balance of the Township's revenues was primarily derived from investment earnings (10.4%) and other sources (1.3%). The total cost of all programs and services at December 31, 2024 was \$31.9 million. Township expenses cover a wide range of services. For the current fiscal year, about 22.6% of the Township's expenses related to public safety and public works, 8.8% related to recreation and culture, and 56.3% related to the provision of water and wastewater services.

Net position increased by \$8.9 million for the Township's governmental activities. This increase accounted for 40% of the total growth in net position for the year. Net position for business-type activities increased by \$13.2 million during the year, accounting for the remaining 60% increase.

The following analysis highlights the changes in net position for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

TABLE 2 - Holland Charter Township's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			Busine Acti			Total			
	2024	ļ		2023	 2024	2023		2024		2023
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 1,33	,405	\$	1,572,380	\$ 17,836,177	\$ 17,548,074	\$	19,167,582	\$	19,120,454
Operating grants and contributions	42	2,577		30,012	_	_		42,577		30,012
Capital grants and contributions	5,347	,026		2,119,800	9,341,335	3,205,290		14,688,361		5,325,090
General revenues										
Property taxes	8,340),855		7,694,680	-	-		8,340,855		7,694,680
State shared revenues	5,454	1,667		5,488,437	-	-		5,454,667		5,488,437
Investment earnings	2,183	3,299		2,329,065	3,410,728	3,432,727		5,594,027		5,761,792
Gain on sale of capital assets		_		-	_	_		_		-
Other revenue	173	3,746		218,752	533,615	 472,985		707,361		691,737
Total revenues	22,873	3,575		19,453,126	 31,121,855	 24,659,076	_	53,995,430		44,112,202
Program expenses										
General government	2,176	5,569		1,912,663	_	_		2,176,569		1,912,663
Public safety	5,094	1,537		4,499,032	-	-		5,094,537		4,499,032
Public works	2,119	,851		1,244,158	-	-		2,119,851		1,244,158
Community and economic										
development	1,74	,492		2,536,599	-	-		1,741,492		2,536,599
Recreation and culture	2,798	3,263		2,496,765	-	-		2,798,263		2,496,765
Water and wastewater					17,944,021	 16,574,751		17,944,021		16,574,751
Total expenses	13,930),712		12,689,217	 17,944,021	 16,574,751	-	31,874,733	-	29,263,968
Change in net position	\$ 8,942	2,863	\$	6,763,909	\$ 13,177,834	\$ 8,084,325	\$	22,120,697	\$	14,848,234

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

As noted earlier, the Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The individual funds help to manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for activities or projects funded by special property tax millage, grants, contributions, etc. The Township's major governmental funds for 2024 are the General Fund and Building and Site Fund.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$45,524,290, a decrease of \$1,046,271 from the prior year combined ending fund balances of \$46,570,561. Approximately 93.1% of this amount (\$42,372,296) constitutes unrestricted fund balances (either committed, assigned or unassigned), which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either non-spendable or restricted to indicate that it is not available for discretionary spending because it is restricted (1) to purposes related to special voted millage for bike path construction and maintenance (\$907,785), and (2) to purposes related to construction code activities (\$2,189,268), and (3) for prepaid items (\$54,941).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Township. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$28,806,567, while total fund balance was \$30,958,986. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare this fund balance to total fund expenditures. The \$28,806,567 total unassigned fund balance is approximately 92% of the 2024 budgeted expenditures and operating transfers to other funds, which is \$26,527,538.

The fund balance of the Township's General Fund decreased by \$3,767,239 during the current fiscal year compared to an increase of \$2,472,286 in the prior year. Factors that influenced the current year change in fund balance include:

- Total revenues increased by \$9,883,228 or 22.4%
- Tax revenues increased by \$646,175 or 8.4%
- Investment earnings decreased by \$167,765 or 2.9%
- State shared revenues decreased by \$33,770 or 0.6%
- Federal grants were \$5,347,026 compared to \$2,119,800 in 2023
- Total expenditures increased by \$38,896 or 0.3%
- Transfers out to other funds were \$13,521,250 compared to \$3,633,900 in 2023
- Proceeds from the sale of capital assets were \$75,600 compared to \$82,820 in 2023

Proprietary funds. Holland Charter Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements (business-type activities) but in more detail. The Township's proprietary funds are comprised of the water and wastewater utilities funds.

Water rates for residential customers increased an average of 0.2% and wastewater user rates increased an average of 2.8% for 2024. Combined operating revenues for the water and wastewater systems funds increased in fiscal year 2024 by \$301,262 from \$17,871,885 to \$18,173,147. Combined operating expenses for these funds, excluding depreciation, increased in fiscal year 2024 by \$1,073,351 from \$12,275,691 to \$13,349,042. Two major components affect operating expenses. The average cost per million gallons of water increased 20% over 2023, and 54 million gallons less were purchased in 2024 compared to 2023. The average cost per million gallons of sewer treatment decreased by 12.8%, and 40 million gallons less were treated in 2024 as compared to 2023. At year-end, the Township utility system served 16,352 water accounts and 14,838 wastewater accounts, which reflects an increase from the prior year of 1.3%.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township Board amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The budget for total revenues and other financial sources was increased by \$6,363,500 and actual total revenues and other financial sources were over the final amended budget by \$162,617. The budget for total expenditures and other operating sources was increased by \$725,850, and actual total expenditures were less than the final amended budget by \$1,195,032. Transfers out were \$13,521,250, which was the same as final budgeted transfers out.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2024, the Township had \$156,623,447 (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, fire equipment, park land and improvements, bike paths, and water and sewer lines. The Township's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year (net of depreciation) increased by \$10,039,966 (31%) for governmental activities and increased by \$5,581,362 (5.1%) for business-type activities.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- \$1,060,826 expended for bike path system extensions and improvements
- \$ 759,804 expended for road resurfacing and repairs
- \$ 246,562 expended for equipment for fire department operations
- \$ 443,336 expended for equipment for bike path and parks maintenance
- \$ 138,996 expended for security and building upgrades at the Township administration building
- \$8,047,414 expended towards construction of the new Community Center
- \$ 332,087 expended for fire station remodeling
- \$ 268,703 expended for lighting replacement at Helder Park
- \$ 137,881 expended for Hawthorn Park upgrade
- \$ 240,906 expended for various lift station improvements
- \$6,908,778 expended for lift station #31 project
- \$1,359,118 expended for Aniline water main project

At December 31, 2024, the Township had \$17,529,843 of bonded debt outstanding after repayments of \$957,500. These long-term debt obligations are scheduled to mature serially through fiscal year 2041.

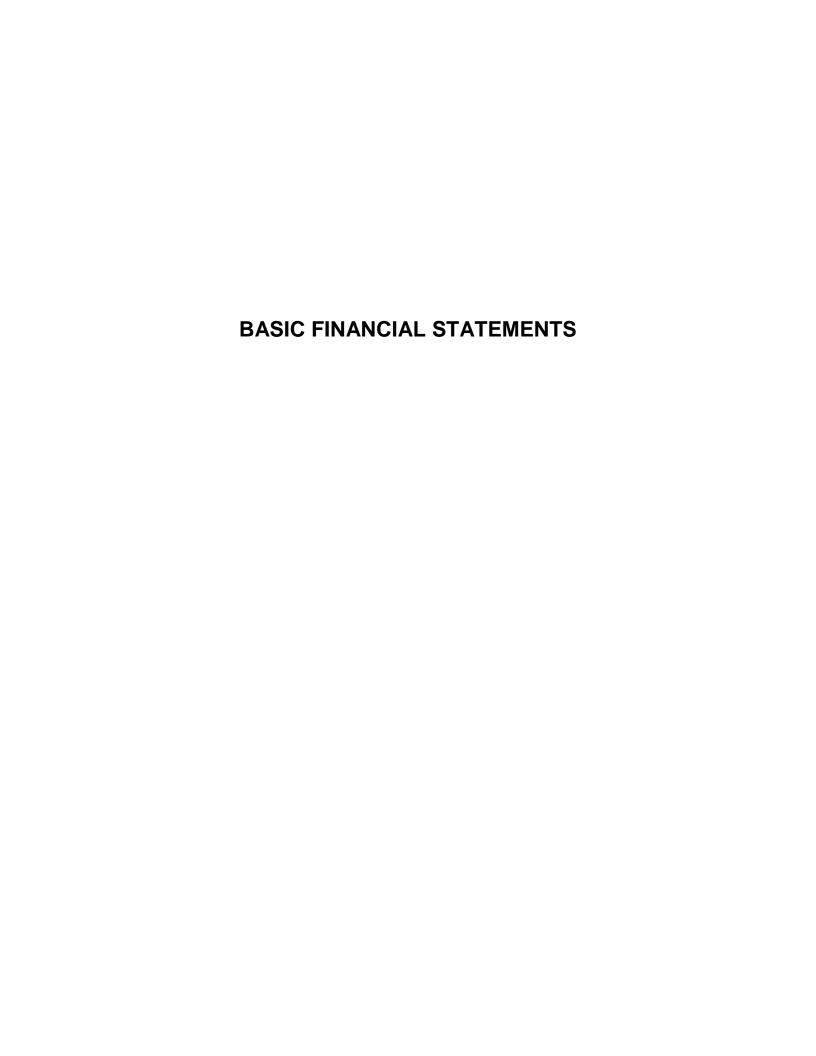
Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following are some of the key factors considered in preparing the Township's 2025 fiscal year budget:

- The Township's overall property tax rate remained at 4.86 mills.
- Property tax revenues are estimated to increase by approximately \$779,969 as the net result of about a 9.3% increase in the Township's overall taxable equivalent value for the 2025 tax year.
- State shared revenues, which consist of \$4,287,135 of constitutional and statutory revenue sharing and \$1,129,000 for PPT reimbursement, are estimated to hold steady.
- The Township anticipates approximately \$7.2 million of capital improvements and purchases in 2025 to its general capital assets including a recreation center, drains, roads, bike paths, parks, vehicles and equipment.
- The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$28,806,567 at the end of the current fiscal year is 164% of the 2025 budgeted expenditures and operating transfers out of \$17,585,052.
- The growth in the number of water utility system customers in 2024 was 212 to 16,352 (1.3%).
- The growth in the number of sewer utility system customers in 2024 was 190 to 14,838 (1.3%).
- The Township anticipates approximately \$11.1 million of capital improvements in 2025 to its water and sewer utility systems, including water and sewer main extensions and replacements, sewer lift station improvements, and vehicle and equipment replacements.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the Township's finance director.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2024

	P	Component Unit		
	Governmental	rimary Governme Business-Type		Redevelopment
	Activities	Activities	<u>Total</u>	Authority
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 51,011,404	\$ 75,783,432	\$ 126,794,836	\$ 239,477
Receivables				
Accounts	73,214	2,038,972	2,112,186	-
Taxes	5,043,804	_,,,,,,,_	5,043,804	28,869
Interest	103,356	165,643	268,999	20,000
	103,330	,	,	-
Lease receivable (current portion)	700 700	93,368	93,368	-
Due from other governments	738,736	16,445	755,181	=
Inventory	-	619,734	619,734	-
Prepaid items	54,941		54,941	-
Total current assets	57,025,455	78,717,594	135,743,049	268,346
Noncurrent assets				
Lease receivable	-	929,765	929,765	-
Special assessments receivable	-	449,197	449,197	-
Contract receivable	_	34,300	34,300	_
Capital assets:		01,000	01,000	
Land	8,194,355	355,195	8,549,550	
	, ,			-
Construction in progress	11,228,062	8,031,765	19,259,827	-
Depreciable capital assets, net	23,166,256	105,647,814	128,814,070	
Total noncurrent assets	42,588,673	115,448,036	158,036,709	<u> </u>
Total assets	99,614,128	194,165,630	293,779,758	268,346
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	2,256,903	3,058,152	5,315,055	_
Due to other governments	1,403	3,030,132	5,314	-
				-
Accrued payroll and benefits	142,807	49,204	192,011	-
Accrued interest payable	-	72,017	72,017	-
Customer deposits	15,520	126,200	141,720	=
Unearned revenue	13,067	2,382,624	2,395,691	-
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities		975,000	975,000	
Total current liabilities	2,429,700	6,667,108	9,096,808	
Long town linkilities				
Long-term liabilities	007.400	457.000	405.000	
Compensated absences	327,160	157,936	485,096	-
Bonds payable		16,554,843	16,554,843	=
Total long-term liabilities	327,160	16,712,779	17,039,939	
Total liabilities	2,756,860	23,379,887	26,136,747	
Deferred inflows of resources				
Subsequent year property taxes	9,071,465	_	9,071,465	28,869
Deferred inflows related to leases	5,07 1,400	937,576	937,576	20,000
Deferred limitows related to leades				
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,071,465	937,576	10,009,041	28,869
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	42,588,673	96,504,931	139,093,604	-
Restricted for	, ,		* *	
Bike paths	907,785	_	907,785	_
Construction code activities	2,189,268	-	2,189,268	-
Unrestricted	42,100,077	73,343,236	115,443,313	239,477
S.II SSII ISIO	72,100,011	10,040,200	110,770,010	200,411
Total net position	87,785,803	169,848,167	257,633,970	239,477

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

			Program Revenues							
						perating		Capital		
Franchisco (Barramana		-		Charges	_	rants and	_	Frants and		t (Expense)
Functions/Programs	<u> </u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>TC</u>	or Services	Co	<u>ntributions</u>	<u>Co</u>	ontributions		Revenue
Primary government Governmental activities										
General government	\$	2.176.569	\$	140.948	\$	10,000	Ф	5,347,026	Ф	3,321,405
Public safety	φ	5.094.537	Φ	864,821	Φ	32,577	Φ	5,547,020	Φ	(4,197,139)
Public works		2,119,851		16,038		32,377		-		, ,
				,		-		-		(2,103,813)
Community and economic development Culture and recreation		1,741,492		26,720		-		-		(1,714,772)
Culture and recreation		2,798,263		282,878		<u>-</u>				(2,515,385)
Total governmental activities	_	13,930,712		1,331,405		42,577		5,347,026		(7,209,704)
Business-type activities										
Sewer		6,945,470		8,025,265		_		3,509,762		4,589,557
Water		8,492,435		9,810,912		_		27.535		1,346,012
Water and sewer capital and debt		2,506,116		-		-		5,804,038		3,297,922
Total business-type activities		17,944,021		17,836,177				9,341,335		9,233,491
Total primary government	\$	31,874,733	\$	19,167,582	\$	42,577	\$	14,688,361	\$	2,023,787
rotal primary government	Ψ	31,074,733	Ψ	19,107,302	Ψ	42,577	Ψ	14,000,001	Ψ	2,023,707
Component unit										
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	-
Total component unit										<u>-</u>

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Pı	imary Governme	ent	Component Unit Brownfield
	Governmental	Business-type		Redevelopment
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Authority</u>
Changes in net position				
Net (expense) revenue	\$ (7,209,704)	\$ 9,233,491	\$ 2,023,787	<u> </u>
General revenues				
Property taxes				
General purpose	8,340,855	-	8,340,855	105,144
State shared revenues	5,454,667	-	5,454,667	-
Unrestricted investment income (loss)	2,183,299	3,410,728	5,594,027	-
Miscellaneous	173,746	533,615	707,361	
Total general revenues and transfers	16,152,567	3,944,343	20,096,910	105,144
Change in net position	8,942,863	13,177,834	22,120,697	105,144
Net position, beginning of year	78,842,940	156,670,333	235,513,273	134,333
Net position, end of year	\$ 87,785,803	\$ 169,848,167	\$ 257,633,970	\$ 239,477
				(Concluded)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2024

		<u>General</u>		Building and Site		Nonmajor overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Assets	\$	24 064 207	Φ	E 200 000	Φ	10 067 027	¢.	E1 011 101
Cash and pooled investments Receivables	Ф	34,864,287	Ф	5,280,080	\$	10,867,037	Ф	51,011,404
Accounts		73,214		_		_		73,214
Taxes		5,043,804		_		_		5,043,804
Interest		67,196		12,245		23,915		103,356
Due from other governments		738,736		12,240		20,010		738,736
Prepaid items	_	54,941		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	54,941
Total assets	\$	40,842,178	\$	5,292,325	\$	10,890,952	\$	57,025,455
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	667.486	\$	1,520,371	\$	69.046	\$	2,256,903
Due to other governments	•	-	_	-	_	1,403	•	1,403
Accrued payroll and benefits		123,721		-		19,086		142,807
Unearned revenue		5,000		-		8,067		13,067
Customer deposits	_	15,520	_	<u>-</u>	_			15,520
Total liabilities	_	811,727		1,520,371	_	97,602	_	2,429,700
Deferred inflows of resources								
Subsequent year property taxes	_	9,071,465		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	9,071,465
Fund balances								
Nonspendable								
Prepaid items		54,941		-		-		54,941
Restricted						0.400.000		0.400.000
Construction code activities		- 007 705		-		2,189,268		2,189,268
Bike paths Committed		907,785		-		-		907,785
Recreation center		671,583						671,583
Assigned		07 1,000		_		_		07 1,000
Subsequent year expenditures		518,110		_		_		518,110
Special revenue funds		-		-		555,134		555,134
Capital project funds		_		3,771,954		8,048,948		11,820,902
Unassigned	_	28,806,567	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		28,806,567
Total fund balances	_	30,958,986	_	3,771,954	_	10,793,350	_	45,524,290
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and fund balances	\$	40,842,178	\$	5,292,325	\$	10,890,952	\$	57,025,455

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCE ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2024

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	45,524,290
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Add - land Add - construction in progress Add - capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		8,194,355 11,228,062 23,166,256
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Deduct - compensated absences payable	_	(327,160)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	87,785,803

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

D	<u>General</u>	Formerly Non-Major Fund Building and Site	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues	A 0.040.055	•	Φ.	# 0.040.055
Property taxes	\$ 8,340,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,340,855
Licenses and permits	95,625	-	706,236	801,861
Federal	5,347,026	-	-	5,347,026
State	5,497,244	-	404.740	5,497,244
Charges for services	183,462	- 00 004	184,746	368,208
Investment income (loss)	1,778,264	88,921	316,114	2,183,299
Miscellaneous	322,791		72,340	395,131
Total revenues	21,565,267	88,921	1,279,436	22,933,624
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	2,006,456	_	14,424	2,020,880
Public safety	3,757,162	_	704,176	4,461,338
Public works	2,599,535	_		2,599,535
Community and economic development	1,741,492	_	_	1,741,492
Culture and recreation	1,706,611	_	1,014,962	2,721,573
Debt service	,,-		,- ,	, ,
Capital outlay		10,049,484	385,593	10,435,077
Total expenditures	11,811,256	10,049,484	2,119,155	23,979,895
Revenues over (under) expenditures	9,754,011	(9,960,563)	(839,719)	(1,046,271)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	_	10,758,400	2,762,850	13,521,250
Transfers out	(13,521,250)	-	· · ·	(13,521,250)
				,
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,521,250)	10,758,400	2,762,850	
Net changes in fund balances	(3,767,239)	797,837	1,923,131	(1,046,271)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported	34,726,225	-	11,844,336	46,570,561
Change within financial reporting entity		2,974,117	(2,974,117)	
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	34,726,225	2,974,117	8,870,219	46,570,561
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 30,958,986	\$ 3,771,954	\$ 10,793,350	\$ 45,524,290

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,046,271)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay Deduct - depreciation expense Deduct - net book value of disposed assets	12,180,746 (2,080,731) (60,049)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - increase in compensated absences	 (50,832)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 8,942,863

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2024

		-		
Assets	Sewer <u>Operating</u>	Water <u>Operating</u>	Water and Sewer Construction and Debt <u>Service</u>	Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>
Current assets Cash and pooled investments	\$ 18,674,029	\$ 29,448,402	\$ 27,661,001	\$ 75,783,432
Receivables	\$ 18,674,029	φ 29,440,402	\$ 27,001,001	\$ 75,765,452
Accounts	1,087,374	951,598	-	2,038,972
Interest	40,665	64,552	60,426	165,643
Lease receivable (current portion)	-	93,368	-	93,368
Due from other governments	16,445	-	-	16,445
Inventory		619,734		619,734
Total current assets	19,818,513	31,177,654	27,721,427	78,717,594
Noncurrent assets				
Lease receivable	=	929,765	-	929,765
Special assessments receivable	-	-	449,197	449,197
Contract receivable	-	-	34,300	34,300
Capital assets: Non-depreciable	70,271	70,271	214,653	355,195
Construction in progress	4,027,500	117,507	3,886,758	8,031,765
Depreciable capital assets, net	36,180,609	16,628,074	52,839,131	105,647,814
Total noncurrent assets	40,278,380	17,745,617	57,424,039	115,448,036
Total assets	60,096,893	48,923,271	85,145,466	194,165,630
Liabilities Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,291,375	858,884	907,893	3,058,152
Due to other governments	1,789	2,122	-	3,911
Accrued payroll and benefits	19,641	29,563	-	49,204
Accrued interest payable	72,017	-	-	72,017
Customer deposits Unearned Revenue	4 404 242	126,200	4 404 242	126,200
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,191,312 975,000	-	1,191,312	2,382,624 975,000
Total current liabilities	3,551,134	1,016,769	2,099,205	6,667,108
				<u> </u>
Long-term liabilities				
Compensated absences	65,818	92,118	-	157,936
Bonds payable	16,554,843			16,554,843
Total long-term liabilities	16,620,661	92,118		16,712,779
Total liabilities	20,171,795	1,108,887	2,099,205	23,379,887
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows related to leases		937,576		937,576
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	22,748,537	16,815,852	56,940,542	96,504,931
Unrestricted, designated for capital projects Unrestricted	- 17 176 561	30 060 056	26,105,719	26,105,719 47,237,517
Onicoulded	17,176,561	30,060,956		47,237,517
Total net position	\$ 39,925,098	\$ 46,876,808	\$ 83,046,261	\$ 169,848,167

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer <u>Operating</u>	Water <u>Operating</u>	Water and Sewer Construction and Debt <u>Service</u>	Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>
Operating revenue				
Charges for services	¢.	¢ 0.010.010	¢	¢ 0.940.049
Water sales	\$ -	\$ 9,810,912	ъ -	\$ 9,810,912 8,025,265
Sewage disposal services	8,025,265 2,806	330 703	3,462	336,970
Other charges	2,000	330,702	3,402	330,970
Total operating revenue	8,028,071	10,141,614	3,462	18,173,147
Operating expense				
Cost of water	-	5,107,478	-	5,107,478
Water connections	-	567,157	-	567,157
Cost of sewage disposal	3,305,496	-	-	3,305,496
Plant operations and maintenance	1,716,468	1,771,375	-	3,487,843
Administration	431,868	449,200	-	881,068
Depreciation	1,076,822	597,225	2,506,116	4,180,163
Total operating expense	6,530,654	8,492,435	2,506,116	17,529,205
Operating income (loss)	1,497,417	1,649,179	(2,502,654)	643,942
Non-operating revenue (expense)				
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Investment income (loss)	1,444,284	983,805	982,639	3,410,728
Lease income	-	196,645	-	196,645
Interest expense	(414,816)			(414,816)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	1,029,468	1,180,450	982,639	3,192,557
Income (loss) before capital contributions	2,526,885	2,829,629	(1,520,015)	3,836,499
Capital contributions				
State grant revenue	3,509,762	27,535	3,454,389	6,991,686
Contribution from developer	-	-	1,342,250	1,342,250
Special assessments			1,007,399	1,007,399
Total capital contributions	3,509,762	27,535	5,804,038	9,341,335
Changes in net position	6,036,647	2,857,164	4,284,023	13,177,834
Net position, beginning of year, as previously presented	33,888,451	44,019,644	78,762,238	156,670,333
Net position, end of year	\$ 39,925,098	\$ 46,876,808	\$ 83,046,261	\$ 169,848,167

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Enterprise Funds			
	Sewer <u>Operating</u>	Water <u>Operating</u>	Water and Sewer Construction and Debt <u>Service</u>	Enterprise Fund <u>Total</u>
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers and users	\$ 4.557.903	\$ 10,171,885	¢ (3.132.052)	\$ 11,597,736
Payments to employees	(1,009,890)		Ψ (3,132,032)	(2,496,572)
Payments to suppliers	(3,541,864)	(5,508,523)	888,094	(8,162,293)
,				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	6,149	3,176,680	(2,243,958)	938,871
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Special assessments collected	_	_	1,075,311	1,075,311
Capital contributions	3,509,762	27,535	4,796,639	8,333,936
Lease payments received	· · · · · -	124,748	-	124,748
Contract payments received	-	-	10,000	10,000
Principal paid on bonds	(957,500)	=	=	(957,500)
Interest paid on bonds	(411,764)	-	-	(411,764)
Acquisition of capital assets	(3,584,983)	(1,429,559)	(4,746,983)	(9,761,525)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,444,485)	(1,277,276)	1,134,967	(1,586,794)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income	1,503,064	1,031,188	1,018,157	3,552,409
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments	64,728	2,930,592	(90,834)	2,904,486
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year	18,609,301	26,517,810	27,751,835	72,878,946
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$ 18,674,029	\$ 29,448,402	\$ 27,661,001	\$ 75,783,432
Cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,497,417	\$ 1,649,179	\$ (2,502,654)	\$ 643,942
Depreciation Change in operating assets and liabilities which provided (used) cash:	1,076,822	597,225	2,506,116	4,180,163
Accounts receivable	666	30,271	318,875	349,812
Due from other governments	(16,445)	,	-	(16,445)
Inventory	(.0,)	180,812	_	180,812
Accounts payable	903,622	688,758	888,094	2,480,474
Due to other governments	(3,101)	732	-	(2,369)
Accrued payroll and benefits	-	10,095	-	10,095
Customer deposits	-	17,800	-	17,800
Compensated absences	1,557	1,808	-	3,365
Unearned revenue	(3,454,389)		(3,454,389)	(6,908,778)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 6,149	\$ 3,176,680	\$ (2,243,958)	\$ 938,871

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Tax <u>Collection</u>
Assets	
Cash and pooled investments	<u>\$ 4,189,753</u>
Total assets	4,189,753
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	105,327
Due to other governmental units	4,084,426
Total liabilities	4,189,753
Net position Restricted for other governments	\$ -
Treatment for other governments	<u> </u>

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

A 4190	Tax <u>Collection</u>
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments	<u>\$ 67,964,115</u>
Total Additions	67,964,115
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments	67,964,115
Total deductions	67,964,115
Net increase	-
Net position, beginning of year	
Net position, end of year	<u>\$</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Holland Charter Township (the "Township") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant policies.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the Township and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Township's operations, so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The Township has one blended component unit. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the financial statements to emphasize they are legally separate from the Township.

Blended Component Unit

The Economic Development Corporation (EDC) of Holland Charter Township - The members of the governing board of the EDC are appointed by the Township Board. The EDC promotes economic development within the Township through various means. The EDC is reported as a nonmajor special revenue fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority accounts for captured tax revenue on specific properties within the Township that have been identified and approved by the State of Michigan as brownfields requiring site reclamation. These revenues are used to reimburse property owners for expenditures incurred for brownfield cleanup. The Township Board appoints the governing body of the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority does not issue separate audited financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between enterprise functions and other various functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for state shared revenue, reimbursement-based grants, and interest which use a one-year collection period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include depreciation or amortization on capital assets, labor, supplies and contracted services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Building and Site Fund* is used to account for accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

The Township reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Township's Wastewater Department that provides sewer services on a user charge basis.

The Water Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the Township's Water Department that provides water services on a user charge basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

The Water and Sewer Construction and Debt Service Enterprise Fund is used to account for the construction of major water and sewer system improvements, which may be financed by issuing bonds or by assessments charged to the benefitting properties. This fund also accounts for capital assets after construction and the accumulation of resources for and the payment of long-term debt resulting from such projects.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than permanent trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The Capital Project Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The *Custodial Funds* are used to account for the collection and disbursement of resources that are held on behalf of outside governments, entities and individuals.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget is presented for the general fund. General and special revenue funds adopt a legal budget with remaining funds maintaining budgets as a management control device. The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Township Superintendent submits to the Township Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following January 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.
- Supplemental appropriations, when required to provide for appropriate expenditures are matched by additional anticipated revenues or an appropriation of available fund balance and must be approved by the Township Board. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The Township Superintendent may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Township Board. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level. Supplemental appropriations were made during the year.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Township's cash and pooled investments are considered to be cash equivalents because the balances are readily available similar to a demand deposit account.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

State statutes and Township policy authorize the Township to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase that are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended.

Receivables

All receivables are recorded at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Uncollectible balances are immaterial to the financial statements.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at original cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The consumption method of accounting is followed for both inventory and prepaid items in governmental funds.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and equipment, access rights, vehicles, improvements, and infrastructure assets (e.g., water and sewer systems, and similar items), are reported in the governmental and business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at acquisition value (the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction) on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Building and improvements	5-40
Utility systems	20-50
Furniture and equipment	3-20
Vehicles	3-25

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue is reported in connection with payments received in advance that have not yet been earned. This includes pump station improvement grant funding.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the related bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures/expenses regardless of fund or activity.

Compensated Absences

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation and sick leave under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts. Accumulated compensated absences of governmental funds is recorded on the statement of net position and not on the governmental fund balance sheets because the balance is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Amounts accumulated for proprietary funds are reported on the statements of net position of the individual enterprise funds.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The Township has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category. The governmental funds and governmental activities report deferred inflows from property taxes levied for the following year. The tax amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period for which they are levied. The business-type activities and enterprise funds report deferred inflows related to leases.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net Position and Fund Balance Reporting

Governmental funds report fund balance in the following five categories:

- 1. Non-spendable the related asset's form does not allow expenditure of the balance. The assets are either (a) not in a spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance would be equal to inventory, prepaid items, non-current financial assets, and the nonspendable portion of endowments.
- 2. Restricted the related assets can only be spent for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or as identified in enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by formal resolution of the governing board.
- 4. Assigned the related assets can only be spent for a specific purpose identified by management as authorized by the governing board.
- 5. Unassigned is the residual classification and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

Net Position and Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position/fund balance and unrestricted – net position/fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resource as they are needed. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Property Taxes

Township property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of December 1 of each year and are due without penalty on or before February 14. Tax bills include the Township's own property taxes and taxes billed on behalf of other taxing units. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1 are turned over to the county for collection, which advances the Township 100% of the delinquent real property taxes. Collection of delinquent personal property taxes remains the responsibility of the Township Treasurer. The December 1 levy is recorded as a receivable and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year and is intended to fund expenditures of the following year.

The Township's 2023 taxable value was \$1,694,077,500 on which 3.0349 mils was levied for operating purposes, 1.4 mill for emergency units and 0.4251 mils was levied for bike paths.

Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The Township manages its liability and property risks as a member of the Michigan Participating Plan (MPP), a public entity risk pool providing liability and property coverage to its participating members. The Township pays an annual premium to MPP for its insurance coverage. The MPP is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrence-based casualty coverage for each incident and occurrence-based property coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Various deductibles are maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the insured.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

The Township is insured for its workers' compensation by coverage through the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund. The Township carries commercial insurance for employee health and accident insurance.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

2. STATUTORY COMPLIANCE

Michigan law provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgeted funds have been shown on a departmental basis. The approved budgets of the Township for these budgeted funds were adopted at the department level.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Township did not incur any expenditures over the amounts appropriated.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to cash and pooled investments and investments are as follows:

	Primary	Component	Fiduciary	
	Government	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and pooled investments	\$126,794,836	\$239,477	\$4,189,753	\$131,224,066

The cash and investments making up the above balances are as follows:

Deposits	\$ 13,152,985
Petty cash	800
Investments	118,070,281
Total	\$131,224,066

The deposits are in financial institutions located in Michigan in varying amounts. State policy limits the Treasurer's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts except as noted are in the name of the Township and a specific fund or common account. They are recorded in Township records at fair value. Interest is recorded when earned.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require, and the Township does not have, a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$11,563,990 of the Township's bank balance of \$13,046,990 was exposed to custodial credit risk because the balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Investments

The Township chooses to disclose its investments by type. As of year-end, the Township had the following investments:

		Weighted-Average Maturity
	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>(in Years)</u>
US Treasury Obligations	\$ 16,823,340	0.08
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	9,998,313	24.87
Federal National Mortgage Association	15,434,787	22.84
Federal Home Loan Bank	1,998,262	0.08
Government National Mortgage Association	32,049,610	20.92
Fannie Mae	46,735	11.37
Freddie Mac Small Balance	258,210	1.40
Municipal Bonds	39,202,717	2.19
Certificates of Deposit	2,258,307	0.38
Total	\$118,070,281	
Portfolio Weighted-Average Maturity	_	11.41

The Township's investments in municipal bonds are rated as follows:

S&P Rating	Fair Value
AAA	\$ 5,013,302
AA+	10,365,502
AA	21,470,191
AA-	1,240,443
A+	1,113,279
-	\$39,202,717

The Township categorizes its fair value measurements of investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

- The US Treasury Obligations are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).
- Municipal bonds, FHLMC bonds, FNMA bonds, GNMA bonds, money market accounts and Federal Home Loan Bank are valued using a pricing model utilizing observable fair value measures of fund/pool investments and other observable inputs to determining the fair value of the securities making up the of investments fund/pool (Level 2 inputs).
- The Township does not have any investments that report fair value based on significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 inputs).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Investment and deposit risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law and Township policy limit the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers' acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The rating for each investment is identified above for investments held at year-end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require, and the Township does not have, a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The above investment securities were uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty for the Township. For the above money market funds, the Township's custodial credit risk exposure cannot be determined because the Township's participation in the pools/funds do not consist of specifically identifiable securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1, the summary of significant accounting policies. The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All investments held at year-end are reported above.

4. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transfers are used to move allocated cost of general operations and costs associated with capital projects to applicable funds. Transfers in and out for the year ended December 31, 2024 are as follows:

 Transfers in

 Building and Nonmajor
 Nonmajor

 Site Governmental
 Funds
 Total

 General fund
 \$10,758,400
 \$2,762,850
 \$13,521,250

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	January 1, <u>2024</u>	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	December 31, 2024
Governmental Activities	<u>2024</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>2024</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 8,194,355	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,194,355
CIP	1,928,403	9,552,356	252,697	11,228,062
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	10,122,758	9,552,356	252,697	19,422,417
Capital assets, being depreciated	10,122,730	3,332,330	202,007	15,422,411
Land improvements	13,341,085	406,584	_	13,747,669
Buildings and improvements	13,685,716	617,008	_	14,302,724
Machinery and equipment	3,055,188	485,138	126,512	3,413,814
Furniture and equipment	289,065	-100,100	120,012	289,065
Vehicles	6,347,897	58,834	389,000	6,017,731
Infrastructure	9,774,859	1,313,522	-	11,088,381
Total capital assets, being depreciated	46,493,810	2,881,086	515,512	48,859,384
Less accumulated depreciation for	+0,+00,010	2,001,000	010,012	40,000,004
Land improvements	9,320,030	511,957	_	9,831,987
Buildings and improvements	4,370,033	371,996	_	4,742,029
Machinery and equipment	2,159,628	294,419	66,463	2,387,584
Furniture and equipment	149,536	37,064	-	186,600
Vehicles	3,074,051	321,208	389,000	3,006,259
Infrastructure	4,994,582	544,087	-	5,538,669
Total accumulated depreciation	24,067,860	2,080,731	455,463	25,693,128
Net capital assets, being depreciated	22,425,950	800,355	60,049	23,166,256
Governmental Activities capital assets, net	\$32,548,708	\$10,352,711	\$312,746	\$42,588,673

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Business-type Activities	Balance January 1, <u>2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December 31, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated		_		
Land	\$ 355,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 355,195
Construction in progress	17,214,985	8,746,367	17,929,587	8,031,765
Net capital assets, not being depreciated	17,570,180	8,746,367	17,929,587	8,386,960
Capital assets being depreciated				
Improvements	58,406	-	-	58,406
Building	2,350,257	-	-	2,350,257
Machinery and equipment	1,309,612	49,396	-	1,359,008
Vehicles	1,512,854	-	-	1,512,854
Water and sewer systems	161,317,813	18,895,349	-	180,213,162
Total capital assets, being depreciated	166,548,942	18,944,745	-	185,493,687
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Improvements	58,406	-	-	58,406
Buildings	1,443,411	56,340	-	1,499,751
Machinery and equipment	755,548	69,551	-	825,099
Vehicles	873,006	137,528	-	1,010,534
Water and sewer systems	72,535,339	3,916,744	-	76,452,083
Total accumulated depreciation	75,665,710	4,180,163	-	79,845,873
Net capital assets, being depreciated	90,883,232	14,764,582	-	105,647,814
Business-type Activities capital assets, net	\$108,453,412	\$23,510,949	\$17,929,587	\$114,034,774
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Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities General government Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 95,661 633,199 557,086 794,785
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$2,080,731
Business-type Activities Sewer operating Water operating Water and sewer construction and debt service	\$1,076,822 597,225 2,506,116
Total depreciation expense - business- type activities	\$4,180,163

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the debt transactions of the Township for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Balance January 1, <u>2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance December 31, <u>2024</u>	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Governmental Activities Accrued employee benefits	\$276,328	\$50,832	\$ -	\$327,160	\$ -
Business-type Activities *\$9,500,000 Township portion of Ottawa County Wastewater System Improvement Bonds of 2015; due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$75,000 plus interest at 0.75-3.4% through 2035	\$ 6,580,000	\$ -	\$462,500	\$ 6,117,500	\$472,500
*\$12,000,000 Township portion of Holland Board of Public Works Wastewater Revenue Bonds of 2021; \$11,907,343 drawn through 2024; due in annual installments of \$495,000 to \$720,000 plus interest at 0.75-3.4% through 2043	11,907,343	_	495,000	11,412,343	502,500
Total Accrued employee benefits	18,487,343 154,571	- 3,365	957,500	17,529,843 157,936	975,000
Total Business-type Activities	\$18,641,914	\$ 3,365	\$957,500	\$17,687,779	\$975,000

^{*} Indicates public bond offering for GASB 88 purposes.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding (excluding accrued employee benefits) as of December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Business-type Activities									
Year Ending										
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>								
2025	\$ 975,000	\$ 397,253								
2026	997,500	375,849								
2027	1,025,000	353,279								
2028	1,047,500	329,513								
2029	1,077,500	304,467								
2030-2034	5,850,000	1,094,379								
2035-2039	3,855,000	443,833								
2040-2043	2,702,343	106,711								
		_								
Total	\$17,529,843	\$3,405,284								

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

7. LONG-TERM DEBT COMMITMENT

The Township, along with other local municipalities, purchases water from the City of Wyoming for storage and distribution to the Township's customers. The City of Wyoming bills Ottawa County Public Utilities for this water purchase which in turn bills individual municipalities.

Ottawa County has issued general obligation bonds to provide for the construction and acquisition of a portion of the City of Wyoming water system for the benefit of the local municipalities. Each participating municipality has pledged its full faith and credit for the payment of its respective share of contract payments to Ottawa County sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the bonds. Separate contract payments for principal and interest on these bonds are not made by the Township but instead are included as part of the overall water rate charged by Ottawa County to the Township.

At December 31, 2024, the portion of these Ottawa County bonds outstanding for which the Township has pledged its full faith and credit amounted to approximately \$11,790,000.

8. PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Township maintains a defined contribution pension plan administered by John Hancock that covers essentially all full-time staff and elected trustees. Participants contribute 2.5% of their wages to the plan and the Township contributes 9.5% of each eligible employee's wages to the plan. The Township also contributes 12% of covered compensation for the elected trustees. Plan provision and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board. The Township's contribution for 2024 was \$331,254 and the employees' contribution was \$87,170.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Township offers employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all Township employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. All Assets of the plan are held in trust for employees and the related assets and liabilities are not included in this report.

9. CONTIGENT LIABILITIES

In the normal course of its operations, the Township has become a party in various property tax appeals. Management of the Township is of the opinion that the outcome of such actions will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Township. Amounts reserved for losses, if any, related to legal actions are undetermined and have not been included as a liability in the financial statements.

10. LEASES

The Township has entered into several lease arrangements with different companies to lease space for cell tower installations. The terms of each lease are as follows:

Initial five-year term ended in March 2011; with options to extend for an additional five consecutive five-year terms; currently in third five-year renewal term; current monthly payment of \$1,828 increasing annually by 2.5%. Lessee can terminate this lease upon 30 days written notice dependent upon specific conditions within the contract.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Initial five-year term ended in February 2014; with options to extend for an additional three consecutive five-year terms; current monthly payment of \$2,715 increasing annually by 3%. Lessee can terminate this lease upon 30 days written notice dependent upon specific conditions within the contract.

Initial five-year term ended in November 2004; with options to extend for an additional six consecutive five-year terms; current monthly payment of \$5,327 increasing annually by 3%. Lessee can terminate this lease upon 30 days written notice dependent upon specific conditions within the contract.

11. WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT AGREEMENTS

City of Holland

In 1979, an agreement between the City of Holland and the Townships of Holland, Fillmore, Laketown, and Park was established to expand the wastewater treatment plant of the City of Holland. In 1994, these parties established a new agreement to once again expand the wastewater treatment plant. The plant's current design and MDEQ permit approved flow capacity is 12 million gallons per day.

Because the City of Holland is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the plant and has significant control within the governing body of the plant, the City of Holland accounts for the plant within its Wastewater Utility Fund. The Township capitalized its portion of the cost of the expanded plant and recorded as a liability its portion of the County of Ottawa general obligation bonds to finance the 1978, 1995 and 2017 expansions.

City of Zeeland

In 2014, an agreement between the City of Zeeland and the Townships of Holland and Zeeland was established to contract with the City for the purchase of guaranteed discharge capacity in the waste water treatment plant, the acquisition, construction, completion and financing of improvements and enlargements to the plant, the operation and maintenance of the plant, and other pertinent matters. The plant's expansion increased capacity to 3.5 million gallons per day with 1.10 million gallons per day reserved for the Township Service Area. The Township capitalized its portion of the cost of the expanded plant.

Operating and maintenance costs of each wastewater treatment plant are allocated among the user governments based on actual total flow and loading into the wastewater treatment plants. These costs are recovered by customer user charges.

12. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Township entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption) PA 198 of 1974, as amended, provides a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. An Industrial Facilities Exemption (IFE) certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 12 years for real property and 6 years for personal property as determined by the local unit of government. The agreements entered into by the Township include claw back provisions should the recipient of the tax abatement cease operations and no successor employer is providing employment during the term of the abatement. The IFT is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

For the year ended December 31, 2024 the Township abated property tax revenues of approximately \$200,000.

Public Act 381 of 1996, the Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Act, was adopted in the State of Michigan as a means to authorize municipalities to create a brownfield redevelopment authority to facilitate the implementation of brownfield plans; to create brownfield redevelopment zones; to promote the revitalization, redevelopment, and reuse of certain property, including, but not limited to, tax reverted, blighted, or functionally obsolete property; to prescribe the powers and duties of brownfield redevelopment authorities; to permit the issuance of bonds and other evidences of indebtedness by an authority; to authorize the acquisition and disposal of certain property; to authorize certain funds; to prescribe certain powers and duties of certain state officers and agencies; and to authorize and permit the use of certain tax increment financing.

For the year ended December 31, 2024 the Township abated property tax revenues of approximately \$20,000.

13. COMMITMENTS

The Township has various ongoing construction projects with total estimated commitments of approximately \$15,300,000 outstanding at December 31, 2024.

14. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

Beginning fund balances were changed to recognize the Building and Site Capital Project Fund change from a nonmajor fund to a major fund.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

							Variance
		Budget	Amo			Actual	Positive
Revenues		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Amount</u>	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$	8,378,700	\$	8,332,700	\$	8,340,855	\$ 8,1
Licenses and permits	Ψ	104,450	Ψ	104,450	Ψ	95,625	(8,8)
Federal		104,430		5,347,050		5,347,026	(0,0
State		5,535,600		5,495,850		5,497,244	1,3
Charges for services		151,650		151,650		183,462	31,8
Interest		678,600		1,699,600		1,778,264	78,6
Miscellaneous		190,150		271,350		322,791	51,4
Total revenues		15,039,150		21,402,650		21,565,267	162,6
Expenditures							
Current							
General government							
Township board		48,775		48,775		38,420	10,3
Supervisor		70,025		70,025		67,226	2,7
Manager		112,375		112,375		109,348	3,0
Elections		170,050		186,400		179,150	7,2
Finance		180,550		180,550		174,734	5,8
Assessor		481,700		481,700		380,285	101,4
Attorney		140,000		140,000		100,472	39,5
Clerk		243,900		243,900		208,020	35,8
Board of review		6,315		6,315		4,037	2,2
Administration		231,900		231,900		185,350	46,5
Treasurer		131,850		131,850		129,798	2,0
Computer services		82,500		82,500		66,694	15,8
Buildings and grounds		99,350		99,350		56,687	42,6
Cemetery		26,990		26,990		25,459	1,5
Upstream watershed control		86,300		86,300		93,723	(7,4
Unallocated and other		501,100		218,850	_	187,053	31,7
Total general government		2,613,680	_	2,347,780	_	2,006,456	341,3
Public safety							
Sheriff E-Unit and police services		1,146,100		1,146,100		1,086,141	59,9
Zoning enforcement and community policing		1,105,000		1,105,000		1,069,175	35,8
Fire department		1,505,200		1,505,200		1,430,614	74,5
Property maintenance code enforcement		193,060		193,060		171,232	21,8
Property and housing appeals board		550		550	_		5
Total public safety	_	3,949,910		3,949,910		3,757,162	192,7
Public works							
Leaf collection and cleanup services		73,500		73,500		70,955	2,5
Bike paths		948,750		1,024,750		1,165,089	(140,3
Street lighting		388,000		388,000		384,286	3,7
Road construction and maintenance		1,557,000		1,307,000		796,214	510,7
Drains	_	533,000	_	283,000	_	182,991	100,0
Total public works	_	3,500,250	_	3,076,250	_	2,599,535	476,7
							(continue

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GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Community and economic development								
Economic development	\$	50,000	\$	1,336,250	\$	1,336,143	\$	107
Northside neighborhood center		56,000		63,500		63,400		100
Planning commission		170,150		170,150		137,533		32,617
Macatawa Area Coordination Council		38,300		38,300		47,845		(9,545)
Zoning board of appeals		11,150		11,150		7,267		3,883
Zoning administration	_	157,050		157,050		149,304		7,746
Total community and economic development	_	482,650		1,776,400		1,741,492		34,908
Culture and recreation								
Parks and recreation		1,589,643		1,711,643		1,596,828		114,815
Jim Kaat baseball park		54,305		54,305		34,593		19,712
Community services		90,000		90,000		75,190		14,810
Total culture and recreation	_	1,733,948		1,855,948	_	1,706,611	_	149,337
Total expenditures	_	12,280,438	_	13,006,288		11,811,256	_	1,195,032
Revenues over (under) expenditures		2,758,712		8,396,362		9,754,011		1,357,649
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out	_	(13,521,250)	_	(13,521,250)	_	(13,521,250)	_	
Net changes in fund balances		(10,762,538)		(5,124,888)		(3,767,239)		1,357,649
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	34,726,225		34,726,225		34,726,225		
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$</u>	23,963,687	\$	29,601,337	\$	30,958,986	\$	1,357,649
								(concluded)

(concluded)

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds								_				
	Re	creation		ommunity <u>Center</u>		Building epartment		<u>E.D.C.</u>		incy Park lean-up	I	Dunton <u>Park</u>	Helder <u>Park</u>
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	47,762	\$	86,128	\$	2,551,757	\$	8,216	\$	137,879	\$	116,095	\$ 1,070,723
Receivables	*	,. 02	Ψ	00,.20	Ψ	2,001,101	•	0,2.0	*	.0.,0.0	Ψ.	,	Ψ .,σ.σ,. 2σ
Interest		159	_	207	_	5,584	_	19		301		256	2,348
Total assets	\$	47,921	\$	86,335	\$	2,557,341	\$	8,235	\$	138,180	\$	116,351	\$ 1,073,071
Liabilities and fund balances Liabilities													
Accounts payable	\$	6,528	\$	53,880	\$	3,221	\$	-	\$	1,425	\$	-	\$ -
Due to other governments		472		-		931		-		-		-	-
Accrued payroll and benefits Unearned revenue		6,177 8,067				12,909 <u>-</u>							
Total liabilities		21,244		53,880	_	17,061	_			1,425	_		
Fund balances Restricted													
Public safety		-		-		2,189,268		-		-		-	-
Assigned	_	26,677	_	32,455	_	351,012		8,235		136,755		116,351	1,073,071
Total fund balances		26,677		32,455	_	2,540,280	_	8,235		136,755		116,351	1,073,071
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	47,921	\$	86,335	\$	2,557,341	\$	8,235	\$	138,180	\$	116,351	\$ 1,073,071

Capital Projects Funds

Quincy <u>Park</u>	Hawthorn <u>Pond</u>	Beechwood <u>Park</u>	Master <u>Plan</u>	Capital Improvement	Fire Equipment Replacement	Industrial <u>Park</u>	<u>Total</u>	
\$ 1,512,710	\$ 827,784	\$ 54,156	\$ 256,158	\$ 62,422	\$ 2,361,560	\$ 1,773,687	\$ 10,867,037	
3,319	1,824	118	562	137	5,189	3,892	23,915	
\$ 1,516,029	\$ 829,608	\$ 54,274	\$ 256,720	\$ 62,559	\$ 2,366,749	\$ 1,777,579	\$ 10,890,952	
\$ - - - -	\$ 3,992 - - - 3,992	- - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 69,046 1,403 19,086 8,067 97,602	
4 546 000	995.646	- 54.074	-	- 60.550	- 200 740	- 4 777 570	2,189,268	
1,516,029	825,616	54,274	256,720	62,559	2,366,749	1,777,579	8,604,082	
1,516,029	825,616	54,274	256,720	62,559	2,366,749	1,777,579	10,793,350	
\$ 1,516,029	\$ 829,608	\$ 54,274	\$ 256,720	\$ 62,559	\$ 2,366,749	\$ 1,777,579	\$ 10,890,952	

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

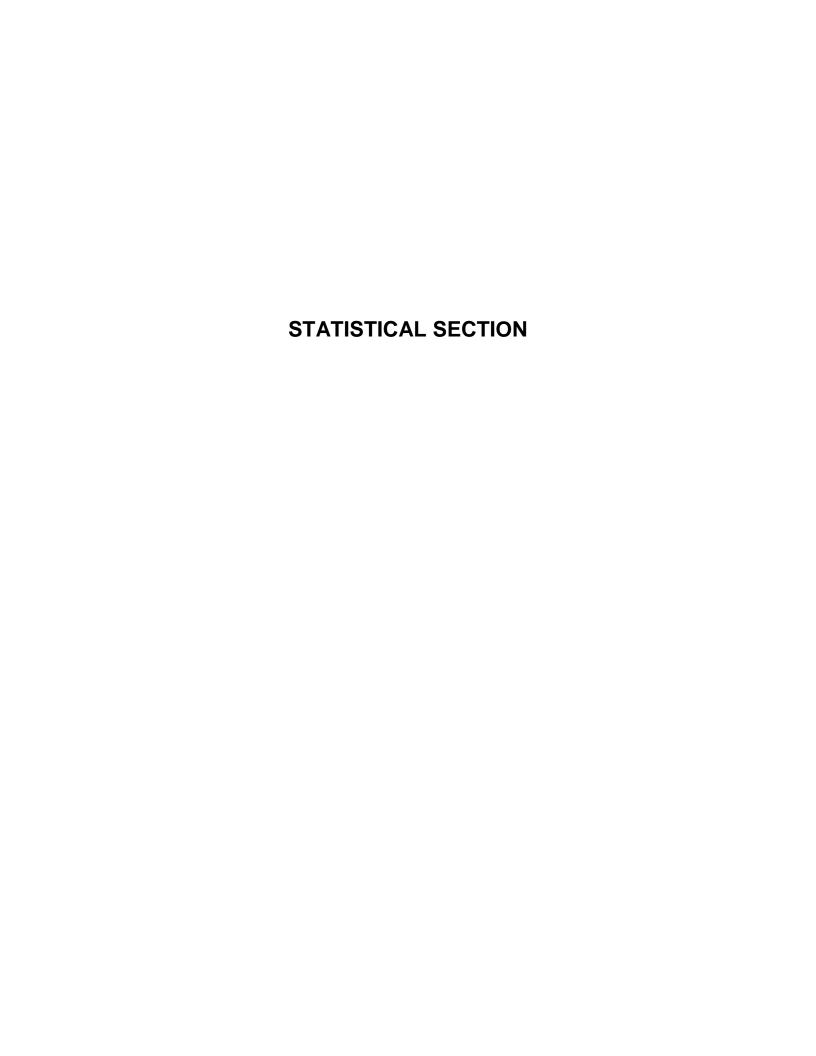
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Special Revenue Funds

	Recreation	Community Center	Building Department	E.D.C.	Quincy Park Clean-up	Dunton Park	Helder Park
Revenues		<u> </u>		·		· 	
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 706,236	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Charges for services	155,946	-	28,800	-	-	-	=
Investment income (loss)	(2,200)	619	79,778	289	4,464	3,789	23,359
Miscellaneous	1,205						
Total revenues	154,951	619	814,814	289	4,464	3,789	23,359
Expenditures							
Current							
General government	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	_	_	704,176	_	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	478,156	261,678	-	_	1,425	-	268,703
Capital outlay	-	-	_	_	, <u>-</u>	_	-
oupline outling							
Total expenditures	478,156	261,678	704,176		1,425		268,703
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(323,205)	(261,059)	110,638	289	3,039	3,789	(245,344)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	300.000	230.000	_	_	_	_	1,006,350
Transiers in		200,000					1,000,000
Net changes in fund balances	(23,205)	(31,059)	110,638	289	3,039	3,789	761,006
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported	49,882	63,514	2,429,642	7,946	133,716	112,562	312,065
<u> </u>							
Change within financial							
reporting entity							
Fund balances, beginning of year,							
as restated	49,882	63,514	2,429,642	7,946	133,716	112,562	312,065
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 26,677	\$ 32,455	\$ 2,540,280	\$ 8,235	\$ 136,755	\$ 116,351	\$ 1,073,071

	_					cts Funds	Capital Proje		
	-				Formerly Non-Major Fund				
<u>Total</u>		Industrial <u>Park</u>	Fire Equipment Replacement	Capital Improvement	Building and Site	Master <u>Plan</u>	Beechwood <u>Park</u>	Hawthorn <u>Pond</u>	Quincy <u>Park</u>
706,236	\$	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-
184,746		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
316,114		58,228	77,089	1,893	-	8,409	1,826	28,029	30,542
72,340	_	1,135	70,000			-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1,279,436		59,363	147,089	1,893		8,409	1,826	28,029	30,542
14,424		_	_	14,424	_	_	_	_	_
704,176		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
1,014,962		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	5,000
385,593			246,562	1,150		<u> </u>		137,881	
2,119,155			246,562	15,574				137,881	5,000
(839,719		59,363	(99,473)	(13,681)	-	8,409	1,826	(109,852)	25,542
2,762,850			114,200	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	100,000	1,012,300
1,923,131	_	59,363	14,727	(13,681)		8,409	1,826	(9,852)	1,037,842
11,844,336		1,718,216	2,352,022	76,240	2,974,117	248,311	52,448	835,468	478,187
(2,974,117			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(2,974,117)	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
8,870,219		1,718,216	2,352,022	76,240		248,311	52,448	835,468	478,187
10,793,350	\$	\$ 1,777,579	\$ 2,366,749	\$ 62,559	\$ -	256,720	\$ 54,274	\$ 825,616	1,516,029

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Holland Charter Township, Michigan GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues and other financing sources:				
Taxes	\$ 7,046,523	\$ 7,342,238	\$ 7,057,097	\$ 5,805,249
Licenses and permits	111,342	112,393	109,727	109,711
Grants	52,280	· -	-	· -
State shared revenues	2,825,861	2,860,066	4,000,669	4,044,847
Local unit contributions	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	126,658	188,162	149,196	126,443
Investment earnings	267,184	348,249	363,543	537,901
Other	136,034	172,561	144,795	138,847
Operating transfers in	-	418	-	-
Sale of capital assets	15,000	75,400		9,994
	\$ 10,580,882	\$ 11,099,487	\$ 11,825,027	\$ 10,772,992
Expenditures and other uses:				
General government	\$ 1,190,060	\$ 1,349,330	\$ 1,378,667	\$ 1,471,434
Public safety	2,058,360	2,103,545	2,235,686	2,719,756
Public works	2,075,278	1,776,202	1,997,612	2,359,018
Community and economic development	344,780	299,152	338,612	361,035
Recreation and culture	2,269,700	2,396,711	2,476,614	1,103,742
Other	124,388	128,837	159,469	1,404
Operating transfers out	700,000	1,350,000	615,000	820,000
	\$ 8,762,566	\$ 9,403,777	\$ 9,201,660	\$ 8,836,389

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 6,067,422 110,355 - 4,097,078	\$ 6,437,994 105,447 297,762 4,178,499	\$ 6,860,033 104,602 14,464 4,701,038	\$ 7,175,881 105,149 2,135,550 5,732,125	\$ 7,694,680 101,177 2,119,800 5,518,449	\$ 8,340,855 95,625 5,347,026 5,497,244
139,011 1,257,900 143,623 - 22,900	142,108 1,341,668 152,248 - 437,286	172,544 (121,545) 188,270 - 35,600	206,170 (1,820,846) 266,741	178,278 1,902,761 363,401	183,462 1,778,264 322,791
<u>\$ 11,838,289</u>	\$ 13,093,012	\$ 11,955,006	<u>\$ 13,800,770</u>	<u>\$ 17,878,546</u>	\$ 21,565,267
\$ 1,306,405 2,577,973 1,995,745 419,131 977,867 145,661 7,760,382	\$ 1,465,681 2,749,129 2,062,730 427,888 1,098,622 127,023 1,387,000	\$ 1,416,693 2,938,062 1,712,033 416,400 1,163,887 146,294 2,090,000	\$ 1,827,900 3,279,220 2,296,008 2,486,175 1,408,776	\$ 1,790,318 3,232,930 2,865,274 2,536,599 1,347,239 3,633,900	\$ 2,006,456 3,757,162 2,599,535 1,741,492 1,706,611
\$ 15,183,164	\$ 9,318,073	\$ 9,883,369	\$ 12,571,379	\$ 15,406,260	\$ 25,332,506

Holland Charter Township, Michigan PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

1	Fiscal Year Ended	Year of Tax Levied	Ad Valorem	Collections to March 1, Year Following Levy		
	12-31*	on 12-1	Tax Levy**	Amount	Percent	
	2015	2014	\$ 6,700,800	\$ 6,568,150	98.02%	
	2016	2015	6,978,662	6,876,340	98.53%	
	2017	2016	6,768,631	6,628,829	97.93%	
	2018	2017	5,598,329	5,489,647	98.06%	
	2019	2018	5,889,825	5,758,955	97.78%	
	2020	2019	6,261,424	6,153,249	98.27%	
	2021	2020	6,700,234	6,520,660	97.32%	
	2022	2021	6,995,998	6,843,794	97.82%	
	2023	2022	7,520,291	7,322,206	97.37%	
	2024	2023	8,131,499	8,011,796	98.53%	

^{*} Taxes are levied on December 1 of the prior fiscal year

^{**} Ad valorem tax levy excludes Act 198 industrial facilities and Act 255 commercial facilities tax levies. The tax levy excludes taxes levied for other taxing jurisdictions, including school districts, the county, and the pool authority.

Holland Charter Township, Michigan ASSESSED AND TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Assessed Value			Taxable Value	
Year	State Equalized Value	Act 198 IFT Act 255 CFT Abated Value	Total SEV and Abated Value	Taxable Value	Act 198 IFT Act 255 CFT Abated Value	Total Taxable and Abated Value
2014	\$ 1,175,674,900	\$ 104,053,100	\$ 1,279,728,000	\$ 1,123,621,587	\$ 104,048,404	\$ 1,227,669,991
2015	1,262,896,500	105,773,700	1,368,670,200	1,168,715,837	105,634,670	1,274,350,507
2016	1,278,231,800	77,939,700	1,356,171,500	1,132,220,795	77,225,278	1,209,446,073
2017	1,384,858,800	71,817,300	1,456,676,100	1,174,284,733	67,623,397	1,241,908,130
2018	1,469,981,400	65,513,600	1,535,495,000	1,232,188,392	59,938,696	1,292,127,088
2019	1,647,921,400	75,672,300	1,723,593,700	1,308,470,211	60,645,877	1,369,115,988
2020	1,869,413,600	71,127,000	1,940,540,600	1,398,665,151	52,755,442	1,451,420,593
2021	1,995,021,700	81,935,400	2,076,957,100	1,463,465,497	57,731,863	1,521,197,360
2022	2,120,546,200	86,667,600	2,207,213,800	1,562,538,810	61,357,713	1,623,896,523
2023	2,344,754,900	117,298,500	2,462,053,400	1,694,077,500	85,855,546	1,779,933,046
2024	2,714,992,200	132,317,000	2,847,309,200	1,853,990,890	92,206,287	1,946,197,177

Valuations are stated as of the March Board of Review.

Taxable property in the township is assessed initially by the Township's assessing officials, then equalized by Ottawa County and finally by the State. In accordance with Act 409, P.A. 1965, and Article IX, Section 3 of the Michigan Constitution, State Equalized Value ("SEV") represents 50% of true cash value.

On March 15, 1994, the people of the State of Michigan approved an amendment to the Michigan Constitution. The Amendment and implementing legislation limit the growth in assessments ("capped value") for each parcel of property to the percentage change in State Equalized Value, the rate of inflation, or 5%, whichever is less. When ownership of the parcel of property is transferred as defined by law, the parcel shall be assessed at the applicable proportion of current true cash value. The lower of the "capped value" or SEV is the Taxable Value of each parcel.

State Equalized Value and Taxable Value do not include any value of tax exempt property or property granted abatement under either Act 198, Michigan Public Acts of 1974, as amended ("Act 198") or Act 255, Michigan Public Acts of 1978, as amended ("Act 255"). Such an abatement entitles a facility to exemption from ad valorem property taxes for a period of up to 12 years. In lieu of the property tax, the facility pays a reduced tax.

Holland Charter Township, Michigan COMPONENTS OF ASSESSED AND TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY

Components of State Equalized Value Last Five Fiscal Years (By Use and Classification)

	 2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Industrial	\$ 365,518,600	\$ 309,083,800	\$ 297,421,400	\$ 294,024,300	\$ 264,089,800
Commercial Agricultural Residential	627,556,600 31,786,500 1,622,313,900	536,241,300 26,708,100 1,411,369,500	478,833,900 22,803,500 1,251,165,600	453,761,800 21,539,600 1,148,154,800	442,312,200 22,129,900 1,060,520,000
Total Real Property	\$ 2,647,175,600	\$ 2,283,402,700	\$ 2,050,224,400	\$ 1,917,480,500	1,789,051,900
Total Personal Property	 67,816,600	 61,352,200	 70,321,800	 77,541,200	80,361,700
Total SEV	\$ 2,714,992,200	\$ 2,344,754,900	\$ 2,120,546,200	\$ 1,995,021,700	\$ 1,869,413,600

Components of 2024 Taxable Value

Industrial Commercial Agricultural Residential	\$ 228,282,597 432,354,659 12,944,514 1,112,623,791
Total Real Property	1,786,205,561
Industrial Commercial Utility Residential	3,515,800 40,648,600 23,620,929
Total Personal Property	67,785,329
Total Taxable Value	\$ 1,853,990,890

Holland Charter Township, Michigan PROPERTY TAX RATES PER \$1,000 STATE EQUALIZED VALUATION FOR DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	HOLLAND TOWNSHIP	HERRICK DISTRICT LIBRARY	HOLLAND POOL AUTHORITY		SCHOOL	DISTRICTS	
	TOWNSIII	LIDICART	AUTHORITI		West	DISTRICTS	Ottawa Area
Year				Holland	Ottawa	Zeeland	Intermediate
of	Operating		Operating	School	School	School	School
Levy	And Debt	Operating	And Debt	District	District	District	District
Levy	And Deat	Operating	And Debt	District	District	District	District
2015 H	6.1000	0.0000	1.6675	7.3622	8.0497	8.3500	5.5234
2015 NH	6.1000	0.0000	1.6675	25.3622	26.0497	26.3500	5.5234
2016 H	6.1000	0.0000	1.6703	7.5373	8.0479	8.5600	5.4970
2016 NH	6.1000	0.0000	1.6703	25.4419	26.0479	26.5600	5.4970
2017 H	4.8600	1.4853	1.5089	7.9291	8.0457	8.7500	5.4577
2017 NH	4.8600	1.4853	1.5089	25.6981	26.0457	26.7500	5.4577
2018 H	4.8600	1.4750	1.1434	7.9431	8.0436	8.8500	5.4577
2018 NH	4.8600	1.4750	1.1434	25.6659	26.0436	26.8500	5.4577
2019 H	4.8600	1.4626	2.2415	7.2326	8.0409	8.8477	6.3414
2019 NH	4.8600	1.4626	2.2415	24.7763	26.0409	26.8477	6.3414
2020 H	4.8600	1.4463	2.2188	6.1969	8.0500	8.8408	6.2906
2020 NH	4.8600	1.4463	2.2188	24.1969	26.0500	26.8408	6.2906
2021 H	4.8600	1.4290	2.0858	5.9308	8.0468	8.8279	6.2245
2021 NH	4.8600	1.4290	2.0858	23.9308	26.0468	26.8279	6.2245
2022 H	4.8600	1.4091	2.0105	5.9119	8.0434	8.8221	6.1546
2022 NH	4.8600	1.4091	2.0105	23.9119	26.0434	26.8221	6.1546
2023 H	4.8600	1.4091	1.9705	5.9119	8.0434	8.9302	6.1546
2023 NH	4.8600	1.4091	1.9705	23.9119	26.0434	26.9302	6.1546
2024 H	4.8600	1.3919	1.8172	5.8967	7.7896	8.9500	6.0962
2024 NH	4.8600	1.3919	1.8172	23.8967	25.7896	26.9500	6.0962
2024 NII	4.8000	1.3919	1.01/2	23.8907	23.7690	20.9300	0.0902
	MACA-	COUNTY	STATE	TOTA	AL FOR RESIDE	NTS OF	
	TAWA				West		
Year	TRANS-		Homestead	Holland	Ottawa	Zeeland	
of	PORTATION	Ottawa	Education	School	School	School	
Levy	AUTHORITY	County	Tax	District	District	District	
· <u></u>			·				
2014 H	0.4000	4.3565	6.0000	31.8199	30.4299	30.4099	
2014 NH	0.4000	4.3565	6.0000	49.8199	48.4299	48.4099	
2015 H	0.3989	4.8565	6.0000	31.9085	30.9285	31.2288	
2015 NH	0.3989	4.8565	6.0000	49.9085	48.9285	49.2288	
2016 H	0.3969	5.1483	6.0000	32.3498	31.1901	31.7022	
2016 NH	0.3969	5.1483	6.0000	50.2544	49.1901	49.7022	
2017 H 2017 NH	0.3964 0.3964	5.1525 5.1525	6.0000 6.0000	32.7899 50.5589	31.3976 49.3976	32.1019 50.1019	
2017 NH 2018 H	0.3921	5.1525	6.0000	32.4238	31.3809		
2018 NH	0.3921	5.1525	6.0000	50.1466	49.3809	32.1873 50.1873	
2018 NII 2019 H	0.3894	5.4449	6.0000	33.9724	32.5392	33.3460	
2019 NH	0.3894	5.4449	6.0000	51.5161	50.5392	51.3460	
2020 H	0.3838	5.4317	6.0000	32.8281	32.4624	33.2532	
2020 NH	0.3838	5.4317	6.0000	50.8281	50.4624	51.2532	
2021 H	0.3791	5.4156	6.0000	32.3248	32.3550	33.1361	
2021 NH	0.3791	5.4156	6.0000	50.3248	50.3550	51.1361	
2022 H	0.3953	5.3984	6.0000	32.1398	32.2608	33.0395	
2022 NH	0.3953	5.3984	6.0000	50.1398	50.2608	51.0395	
2023 H	0.3953	5.3984	6.0000	32.0998	32.2608	33.1476	
2023 NH	0.3953	5.3984	6.0000	50.0998	50.2608	51.1476	
2024 H	0.3912	5.3842	6.0000	31.8374	32.2608	33.0735	
2024 NH	0.3912	5.3842	6.0000	49.8374	50.2608	51.0735	

H= Homestead Properties

NH= Non-Homestead Properties

Holland Charter Township, Michigan COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN December 31, 2024

State Equalized Value (SEV)	<u>\$ 2,714,992,200</u>
Legal debt margin:	
Debt limitation 10% of SEV Outstanding general obligation debt	\$ 271,499,220 6,117,500
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 265,381,720

Holland Charter Township, Michigan RATIO OF BONDED DEBT TO STATE EQUALIZED VALUED PER CAPITA Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	Population	State Equalized Valuation	Gross Bonded Debt	Ratio of Gross Bonded Debt to State Equalized Valuation	Gross Bonded Debt Per Capita
2015	37,882	\$ 1,262,896,500	\$ 10,335,000	0.82%	273
2016	37,882	1,278,231,800	10,065,000	0.79%	266
2017	37,882	1,384,858,800	9,397,500	0.68%	248
2018	37,979	1,469,981,400	8,717,500	0.59%	230
2019	38,360	1,869,413,600	8,312,500	0.44%	217
2020	38,690	1,995,021,700	7,895,000	0.40%	204
2021	38,276	1,995,021,700	7,467,500	0.37%	195
2022	39,450	2,120,546,200	7,030,000	0.33%	178
2023	39,997	2,344,754,900	6,580,000	0.28%	165
2024	39,997	2,714,992,200	6,117,500	0.23%	153

¹ 2024 population numbers are not available. Used 2023 population estimate from United States Census Bureau

Holland Charter Township, Michigan COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS December 31, 2024

<u>Jurisdiction</u>	Gross General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To Holland Township	Amount Applicable To Holland Township
Direct Debt:			
Holland Charter Township	\$ 6,117,500	100.00%	\$ 6,117,500
Overlapping Debt:			
County of Ottawa	49,025,137	11.18%	5,481,010
Holland Area Swimming Pool Authority	19,155,000	1.83%	350,537
Holland School District	102,920,000	1.83%	1,883,436
West Ottawa School District	195,765,000	42.60%	83,395,890
Zeeland School District	85,625,000	23.45%	20,079,063
Ottawa Intermediate School District	23,755,000	9.85%	2,339,868

Note: The above debt information excludes self supporting bonds issued by the Holland Hospital Authority for Holland Community Hospital.

Source: Holland Charter Township and Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan, (as of December 31, 2024).

Holland Charter Township, Michigan PROPERTY VALUE AND CONSTRUCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended December 31	State Equalized Value	Number of Permits	Estimated Building Cost
2015	\$ 1,262,896,500	507	\$ 56,423,736
2016	1,278,231,800	568	62,089,953
2017	1,384,858,800	618	104,932,734
2018	1,469,981,400	630	88,673,795
2019	1,869,413,600	599	90,840,800
2020	1,995,021,700	485	100,323,178
2021	1,995,021,700	578	147,656,732
2022	2,120,546,200	551	105,246,123
2023	2,344,754,900	626	144,598,245
2024	2,714,992,200	522	76,041,689

Holland Charter Township, Michigan TAX INFORMATION December 31, 2024

ASSESSED:

Tax assessments are determined as of tax day, December 31.

LIEN ON PROPERTY:

Personal property taxes become a lien and are payable on December 1, however, they are billed on July 1 and December 1. Property taxes for the county and local school districts are levied July 1 or on December 1 or portions are levied on each date. Intermediate school district taxes are levied on July 1. County and Township taxes are levied on December 1. Unpaid taxes, together with all charges thereon, become

PAYABLE:

Taxes billed on July 1 are payable on July 1 and due without penalty on September 14. Taxes billed December 1 are payable on December 1 and due without penalty on February 14. Taxes are collected at the office of Township treasurer.

DELINQUENT:

Real property taxes become delinquent on March 1 and are returned to the county treasurer for collection. Ottawa County operates a Delinquent Tax Revolving Fund, which forwards delinquent tax monies to local jurisdictions. Delinquent personal property taxes are collected by the Township treasurer. Uncollectible personal property taxes are stricken from the tax rolls upon petition to the Circuit Court when uncollectible for a period of five years from date of levy.

PENALTIES:

Interest at the rate of one percent per month is assessed on unpaid summer taxes on September 15, October 1, November 1, December 1, January 1, and February 1. A three percent penalty is charged on summer and winter taxes paid after February 14. Taxes returned delinquent to the county treasurer on March 1 are subject to a four percent collection fee and one percent per month interest.

TAX ABATEMENT:

The state equalized value does not include valuation of certain facilities, which are exempt under Act 198, Public Acts of 1974 or Act 255, Public Acts of 1978. The Acts are designed to provide a stimulus in the form of significant tax incentives to industry and commercial enterprises to renovate and expand aging facilities and to build new facilities in Michigan.

An Industrial or Commercial Facilities Exemption Certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and personal property taxes for a period of up to 12 years. In lieu of the property tax, the firm will pay a specific tax. Renovated facilities are taxed at the full millage rate based on the assessed valuation prior to the improvements. New facilities are taxed at one half rate levied on assessments which are determined annually based on true cash value.

TOWNSHIP TAXATION AND LIMITATION:

The Township's tax rate for municipal operations is limited to five mills by the State of Michigan's Charter Townships Act of 1947, as amended. Additional tax levies have been approved from time to time by vote of the township electorate for specific services, such as construction and maintenance of bike paths, additional law enforcement and emergency medical unit services and library services.

In November 1978, the electorate of the State of Michigan passed an amendment to the State Constitution, which places certain limitations on increases to taxes by the state and political subdivisions from currently authorized levels of taxation. The amendment does not limit taxes for the payment of principal and interest on bonds or other evidences of indebtedness outstanding at the time they became effective or which have been approved by the electors of the state or such political subdivisions.

Holland Charter Township, Michigan GENERAL STATISTICAL DATA December 31, 2024

AREA: 28.7 square miles FORM OF GOVERNMENT: Founded and established as township in 1847 Incorporated as Charter Township in 1968 7-member elected Board of Trustees FISCAL YEAR BEGINS: January 1 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES: 57 full time; 198 part time (including fire fighters, election workers, park maintenance workers, recreation programs, and code enforcement inspectors) FIRE PROTECTION: 3 fire stations, 12 full time (including 6 paramedics, 6 EMT's) and 21 paid on call fire fighters (including 14 MFR, 6 EMT, 1 paramedic), 8 fire fighting vehicles, 2 rescue vehicles, 4 MFR vehicles, and 2 ALS vehicles PROPERTY TAX PARCELS: 12,928 Number of real property tax parcels Number of personal property tax parcels 1,514 Total tax parcels (includes IFT abated parcels) 14,442 WATER UTILITY: Customer Accounts: 13,542 Residential Commercial 2,085 Industrial 299 Other 108 Multi-Family 318 **Total Water Customer Accounts** 16,352 Gallons purchased 3,149,470 Revenues from sales and charges 10,141,613 WASTEWATER UTILITY: Customer Accounts: Residential 12,836 Commercial 1,526 Industrial 185 Other 70 Multi-Family 221 **Total Wastewater Customer Accounts** 14,838 Gallons purchased 1,743,772 Revenues from sales and charges 8,028,071 RECREATION: Beechwood Park (3.5 acres) Brookwood Park (1 acre) Dunton Park (21 acres) Helder Park (167 acres, including 69 acres of vacant land) Quincy Park (140 acres, including 59 acres of vacant land) Hawthorn Pond Natural Area (40 acres) CEMETERIES: New Groningen Cemetery (1.3 acres) North Holland Cemetery (5.2 acres) BIKE PATHS & SIDEWALKS: 70 miles of bike paths and sidewalks POPULATION GROWTH: Official United States Census 1980 13,739 1990 17,523 2000 28,911

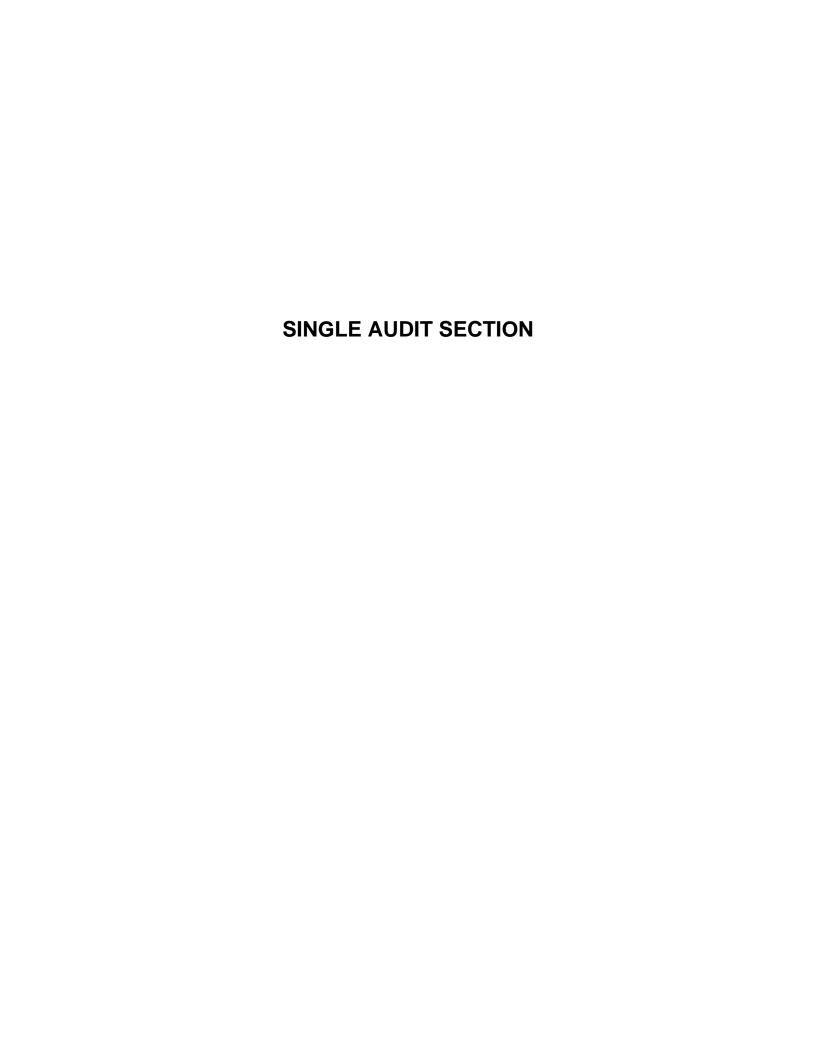
2010

2020

35,636

38,276

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Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 2, 2025

Members of the Board of Trustees Holland Charter Township Holland, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Holland Charter Township, Ottawa County, Michigan, (the "Township") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 2, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Holland Charter Township's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Township's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Township's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Township's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

June 2, 2025

Members of the Board of Trustees Holland Charter Township Holland, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Holland Charter Township, Ottawa County, Michigan's (the Township), compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Township's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Township's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Holland Charter Township, Ottawa County, Michigan complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Township and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Township's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Township's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Township's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Township's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the Township's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Township's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Township's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-002. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Township's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Township's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Uredoveld Haefner LLC

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SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Michigan Strategic Fund Community Development Block Grant	14.228	MSC 221015-EDME	\$ 6,930,000	\$ 1,281,143
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed through Michigan Department of Treasury Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) COVID-19 - SLFRF 2021 (Tier 2) - ARPA	21.027	N/A	4,065,883	4,065,883
Total Federal expenditures				\$ 5,347,026

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

- 1. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared in accordance with the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- **2.** Reconciliation of revenues from federal sources per financial statements and expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards:

Grants reported on Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

\$ 5,347,026

Agrees to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$ 5,347,026

3. The Township did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in Uniform Guidance section 2 CFR 200.414 indirect costs.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditors' report issued	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	X yes no none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes X no		
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no none reported		
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	Xyes no		
Identification of major programs:			
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster		
14.228 21.027	Community Development Block Grant Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no		

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2024-001 Material Weakness

Condition and Criteria: Various audit adjustments were necessary during the course of the audit to compile year-end financial statements from the Township's general ledger balances.

Cause: The auditors proposed adjustments to help prepare a well adjusted trial balance.

Effect: The interim and preliminary year-end financial statements of the Township do not reflect balances in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Recommendation: The Township should develop and implement procedures to review and reconcile general ledger account balances for consistency with GAAP.

Management Response: Management has determined that it is more cost effective to rely on the external auditors to complete these entries rather than incur the time and expense of additional training and expertise needed to complete these entries.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2024-002

Condition and Criteria: The Township does not have written policies and procedures regarding federal awards required by 2CFR 200. This includes procurement standards, including bidding procedures and review for vendor suspension and debarment.

Cause: The Township has had minimal federal grant funding in the past and has not implemented written federal grant policies and procedures as required by 2CFR 200.

Effect: The Township expended federal funds without implementing written federal grant policies and procedures, and did not follow the federal requirements for bidding and review for vendor suspension and debarment.

Recommendation: The Township should establish formal written federal grant policies and procedures.

Management Response: Management will establish formal written federal grant policies and procedures as required by 2CFR 200.

SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior year finding 2023-001 is repeated above as finding 2024-001

May 29, 2025

To Whom it may concern,

Holland Charter Township agrees with the findings identified and respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ending December 31, 2024.

2204-02

The Township did not document the part of the policy that is needed to show that the vendor was not suspended or debarred from the Federal Government through SAM.gov before the contract was entered into.

Implementation and Monitoring

The Township has discussed the procedure of policy and has identified that the review and documentation on the selected vendor needs to happen prior to approval of the contract by the Township Board. It will be the responsibility of the Township Manager and the Township Treasurer to adhere to the policy to document the review of the vendor through SAM.gov.

If anyone has questions about the plan, please contact Warren Smith at 616-396-2345.

Sincerely,

Warren Smith

Finance Director



Vredeveld Haefner LLC

CPAs and Consultants 10302 20th Avenue Grand Rapids, MI 49534 Fax (616) 828-0307

Douglas J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 446-7474 Michael J. Vredeveld, CPA (616) 648-8447

June 2, 2025

Members of the Board Holland Charter Township Holland, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Holland Charter Township (the Township) for the year ended December 31, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated February 5, 2025. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Township are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The Township implemented GASB Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences for 2024; the implementation of this standard did not have a material effect on the financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by Township during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of capital assets is based on previous history and future expectations. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We proposed adjustments to record capital asset additions and related depreciation as well as to adjust the financial statements for GASB 34. Management has corrected all such misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated June 2, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Township's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Township's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

We also noted the following item:

We noted no evidence of review or approval for utility billing adjustments. We recommend a utility adjustments report be reviewed and approved on a quarterly basis. This should be documented by signing and dating the report.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI), as itemized in the table of contents, that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on supplementary information which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were not engaged to report on the statistical information, which accompanies the financial statements but are not RSI. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board and management of the Township and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

Uredevold Haefner LLC